

COMMUNITY SAFETY PARTNERSHIP CALLOVER

MINUTES

Date: 29 April 2016

Time: 9:30 – 12:00.

Venue: Conference Centre, Barking Learning Centre

Anne Bristow (Chair) – Deputy Chief Executive and Strategic Director for Service Development and Integration (LBBD)

Sean Wilson – Acting Chief Superintendent, Metropolitan Police Service (MPS)

Matthew Cole – Director of Public Health (LBBD)

Erika Jenkins – Chief Executive, Barking and Dagenham Council for Voluntary Service

Present: Rita Chadha – Chief Executive, Refugee and Migrant Forum for Essex and London (RAMFEL)

Douglas Charlton – Head of Stakeholders and Partnerships, Community Rehabilitation Company

Greg Tillet – Assistant Chief Officer, Barking, Dagenham, Havering and Newham, National Probation Service

Ayse Hassan – East London Area Manager, Victim Support

Stephen Norman – Borough Commander, London Fire Brigade

Karen Proudfoot – Interim Group Manager, Community Safety and Offender Management (LBBD)

Advisory: Dan James – Research and Analysis Officer, Community Safety and Offender Management (LBBD)

Henry Staples – Service Improvement Officer, Community Safety and Offender Management (LBBD)

Councillor Laila Butt – Cabinet Member for Crime and Enforcement

Steve Thompson – Chair of Safer Neighbourhood Board

David McClory – Civil Protection Manager (LBBD)

Apologies: James Goddard – Housing Strategy Manager, (LBBD)

Helen Jenner – Corporate Director, Children's Services (LBBD)

Sharon Morrow – Chief Operating Officer, Barking and Dagenham CCG

1. Introduction and Apologies for Absence

1.1 The apologies were noted.

2. Performance Analysis

- 2.1 The quarterly Performance Report up to February 2016 was presented by Dan James (Research and Analysis Officer, LBBD).
- 2.2 It was noted that Barking and Dagenham has achieved the MOPAC Target of a 20% reduction in the MOPAC 7 crime types within the current financial year, which can be attributed to continued reduction in theft from person, burglary, and theft from motor vehicles.
- 2.3 It was further reported that proven reoffending of juvenile offenders has reduced by 16.3% over the last 12 months. It was noted that this indicator tracks a cohort of offenders that have committed an offence approximately two years ago, and that the reduction can therefore be attributed to specific action to redress reoffending at that time. It was indicated that the reduction is likely to be a result of targeted work with female offenders, including principally the establishment of the Youth Offending Service Girls Group which has been running successfully for 2 years and which addresses offending behaviour and the specific issues faced by young women.
- 2.4 Crimes of specific concern were discussed and noted, including Violence With Injury which has increased 11% in the year to date (YTD) compared to the previous financial year; criminal damage which has increased 17%, and robbery which has increased by 22%. It was also noted that Barking and Dagenham's rate of First Time Entrants (FTE) per 100,000 population remains significantly higher (594) than the London rate (419) although this is impacted by the fact that the borough has a rapidly growing youth population.
- 2.5 Members discussed the recent increase in Vehicle Arson. It was reported that there have been 58 arsons in the YTD, compared to 43 in the full financial year 2014/15. The increase was reported as being due to a spate in incidents in December 2015. Although there is no specific reduction target for Vehicle Arson, the increase was reported as a concern. It was noted that the London Fire Brigade (LFB) have provided data to the police via the Victim Offender Location Time (VOLT) meeting on the specific offences, as well as through direct communication. It was noted that, while a proportion of the arson offences may be simple vandalism, a significant number of the vehicles have been linked to other offences such as burglary; with the arson therefore intended to destroy forensic evidence relating to that offence. It was further reported that the increase in vehicle arson associated with other crimes is also in line with other trends across London, including increased theft of mopeds, as well as increased use of mopeds in burglaries.
- 2.6 It was commented that there had been over 50 crimes and only 2 arrests. However, it was suggested that this may be appropriate if the offences are being committed by a small cohort of individuals and that more data would be required in order to determine this. It was further noted that the suspects of Vehicle Arson will not necessarily be residents of Barking and Dagenham.

2.7 It was agreed that a closer analysis of the causes of increased vehicle arson and other vehicle-related crime in the borough should be allocated as a tasking to the Intelligence and Analysis Board following its establishment, with a report to be presented to the CSP in September. It was noted that this report would need support from all partner agencies, in particular the provision of data on their activity in relation to vehicles and vehicle-associated crime. It was therefore agreed that:

- **ACTION: All members will provide a summary of their activity in relation to vehicle crime (Note: Dan James to set out a timetable of data requirements which will be circulated to members).**

Future Performance Reports

2.8 The Chair invited members to comment on the format and content of the Performance Report. The following comments were noted:

- Further detail should be provided around specific actions to tackle domestic violence, which is a cross-cutting issue. This should include details around the outcomes of any commissioned work. It was also noted that the Domestic and Sexual Violence Strategy will be presented to the sub-groups once it is finalised.
- Increased use of indicators which show a clear link to the work of the newly established sub-groups. The example of the indicator: *“PHOF: Indicator 2.15 – Proportion of all in treatment, who successfully completed treatment and did not re-present within 6 months”* was given as having a clear link to successful preventative work around substance misuse. It was suggested that these links would be developed and further utilised by the Intelligence and Analysis Board.